**Financial Statements** 

December 31, 2024

### Financial Statements

### December 31, 2024

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### **Independent Auditors' Report**

#### To the directors of Yellowstone to Yukon Conservation Initiative Foundation

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Yellowstone to Yukon Conservation Initiative Foundation, which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2024, and the statements of operations, changes in fund balances and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Foundation as at December 31, 2024, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

#### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Foundation in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Foundation's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Foundation or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Foundation's financial reporting process.

### Independent Auditors' Report (continued)

#### Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Foundation's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Foundation's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Foundation to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Edmonton, Canada June 27, 2025

CROWE Mickey LAS

**Chartered Professional Accountants** 

### Statement of Operations

For the year ended December 31,	2024	2023
Revenues		
Y2Y-Montana contract revenue	\$ 3,586,485	\$ 3,158,452
Government grants	860,677	1,145,823
Grants	802,832	813,610
Individual donations	504,456	414,326
Restricted donations	449,117	38,900
Corporate donations	20,697	19,084
Miscellaneous income	8,487	18,376
	6,232,751	5,608,571
Expenditures (schedule 1)		
Program Services	5,213,875	4,794,400
Fundraising and Administrative	1,115,470	1,018,802
Endowment Fund	-	5,000
Capital Asset Fund	21,594	22,635
	6,350,939	5,840,837
Income (loss) before other income	(118,188)	(232,266)
Other income	· · ·	
Interest	28,906	48,117
Gain on foreign exchange	225,748	2,739
Dividend income	897	1,020
Unrealized gain (loss) in market value of investments	22,417	21,328
	277,968	73,204
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	\$ 159,780	\$ (159,062)

### Statement of Changes in Fund Balances

	Balance, beginning of year	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	2024 Balance, end of year
Unrestricted Fund	\$ 802,214	\$ 164,769	\$ 966,983
Endowment Fund	123,070	16,605	139,675
Capital Fund	87,632	(21,594)	66,038
	\$ 1,012,916	\$ 159,780	\$ 1,172,696

		Balance, inning of year	rchase of al assets	reve	Excess iciency) of nues over penditures	Bala	2023 ance, end of year
Unrestricted Fund	\$	993,157	\$ (37,165)	\$	(153,778)	\$	802,214
Endowment Fund		105,719	-		17,351		123,070
Capital Fund		73,102	37,165		(22,635)		87,632
	\$ 1,	,171,978	\$ -	\$	(159,062)	\$ <sup>2</sup>	1,012,916

Statement	of Financial	Position

December 31,	2024	2023
Assets		
Current		
Cash (note 3)	\$ 857,277	\$ 644,202
Short-term investments (note 4)	15,493	377.720
Accounts receivable (note 6)	1,507,212	1,008,797
Prepaid expenses (note 7)	29,385	83,131
	2,409,367	2,113,850
Long-term investments (note 5)	122,764	108,984
Property, plant and equipment (note 8)	66,038	87,632
	\$ 2,598,169	S 2,310,466
Liabilities		
Current	A 400.000	o 450.000
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 9)	\$ 189,208 1,236,265	\$ 152,899 1,144,651
Deferred contributions (note 10)	1,200,200	1,144,001
	1,425,473	1,297,550
Net Assets		
Unrestricted Fund	966,983	802,214
Endowment Fund (note 5)	139,675	123.070
Capital Fund	66,038	87,632
	1,172,696	1,012,916
	\$ 2,598,169	\$ 2,310,466

Approved on pehalf of the Board:

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Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended December 31,	2024	2023
Cash provided by (used for)		
Operating activities		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	\$ 159,780	\$ (159,062)
Items not affecting cash Amortization	04 504	00.605
Unrealized (gain) loss on marketable securities	21,594 (22,417)	22,635 (21,328)
	(22,417)	(21,320)
	158,957	(157,755)
Change in non-cash working capital items	100,001	(101,100)
Accounts receivable	(498,415)	(969,193)
Prepaid expenses	53,746	(28,818)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	36,308	(56,949)
Deferred contributions	91,614	92,292
	(157,790)	(1,120,423)
Investing activities	(AE 402)	(277,700)
Purchase of short-term investments Purchase of long-term investments	(15,493)	(377,720) (8,153)
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	-	(37,165)
Dividends earned	- (924)	(1,020)
Proceeds of disposition of short-term investments	377,720	(1,020)
Proceeds of disposition of long-term investments	9,562	26,729
	370,865	(397,329)
Increase (decrease) in cash	213,075	(1,517,752)
	210,070	(1,017,702)
Cash, beginning of year	644,202	2,161,954
Cash, end of year	\$ 857,277	\$ 644,202
	¥ 001,211	¥ 011,202
Cash consists of:		
Cash	\$ 855,859	\$ 643,416
Restricted cash	1,418	786
	\$ 857,277	\$ 644,202
	÷ ••••;211	÷ 011,202

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

#### December 31, 2024

#### 1. Nature of operations

Yellowstone to Yukon Conservation Initiative Foundation (the Foundation) was incorporated under the Societies Act of Alberta on July 11, 2002 and began operations in December 2005. The Foundation was designated a Charitable Organization by Canada Revenue Agency on October 31, 2005 and qualifies for tax-exempt status as a registered charity under paragraph 149(1)(f) of the Income Tax Act of Canada.

#### 2. Significant accounting policies

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations. The significant accounting policies are detailed as follows:

#### (a) Basis of accounting

The Foundation follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions. Under the deferral method, restricted contributions for which the related restrictions remain unfulfilled are accumulated as deferred contributions. As a result, the Foundation's excess of revenue over expenditures for the period represents the increase in resources that are not restricted to cover specific expenses of a future period.

The Foundation maintains the following funds:

Unrestricted Funding is for all funding without restrictions and used for general operations of the Foundation.

Endowment Funding is for the Sarah Baker Fund which was donated to maintain an endowment fund in perpetuity. The fund has been externally restricted for the purpose of scholarships for students who are seeking to advance their studies in Canadian colleges and universities that recognize the Foundation's objectives.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

#### December 31, 2024

#### 2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

#### (b) Revenue recognition

The Foundation follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions and other revenue. Restricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred. Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

Investment income includes dividends and interest income recorded on the accrual basis, as well as realized investment gains and losses and unrealized gains and losses on financial instruments subsequently measured at fair value. Investment income is included in the statement of operations. Restricted investment income is recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred. Unrestricted investment income is recognized as revenue when earned.

Endowment contributions are recognized as a direct increases in net assets in the year.

#### (c) Contributed services

Volunteers contributed time to assist the Foundation in carrying out its programs. Because of the difficulty of determining their fair value, contributed services are not recognized in the financial statements.

#### (d) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash equivalents consist principally of guaranteed investment certificates and other highly liquid interest bearing instruments with original maturities of three months or less.

#### (e) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are recorded at cost. The Foundation provides for amortization using the straight-line method at rates designed to amortize the cost of the assets over their estimated useful lives, as set out below.

Leasehold improvements are amortized on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term or their estimated useful lives.

When property, plant and equipment are sold or retired, the related cost and accumulated amortization are removed from the accounts and any gain or loss is charged against earnings in the period.

Property, plant and equipment acquired or constructed during the year are not amortized until they are put into use.

One half of the year's amortization is recorded in the year of acquisition. No amortization is recorded in the year of disposal.

Office equipment Computer equipment 5 years straight-line 5 years straight-line

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

#### December 31, 2024

#### 2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

#### (f) Use of estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the dates of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Significant items subject to such estimates and assumptions include deferred contributions. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### (g) Foreign currency

The Foundation uses the temporal method to translate its foreign currency transactions and balances. Under this method, monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Canadian dollars at the exchange rate in effect at the balance sheet date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities are translated at the rates of exchange in effect on the date the assets were acquired or liabilities incurred, unless such items are carried at fair value in which case they are translated at the exchange rate in effect on the balance sheet date. Revenues and expenses are translated into Canadian dollars at the rate of exchange prevailing on the date the transaction occurred. Exchange gains or losses arising on translation or settlement of a foreign currency-denominated monetary item or a non-monetary item carried at market are included in operations for the year.

#### (h) Financial instruments

#### Initial measurement

Financial assets originated or acquired or financial liabilities issued or assumed in an arm's length transaction are initially measured at their fair value. In the case of a financial asset or financial liability not subsequently measured at its fair value, the initial fair value is adjusted for financing fees and transaction costs that are directly attributable to its origination, acquisition, issuance or assumption. Such fees and costs in respect of financial assets and liabilities subsequently measured at fair value are expensed.

Financial assets or liabilities originated or exchanged in related party transactions except for those that involve parties whose sole relationship with the Foundation is in the capacity of management, are initially measured at cost. The cost of a financial instrument in a related party transaction depends on whether the instrument has repayment terms. If the instrument does, the cost is determined using the instruments undiscounted cash flows, excluding interest and dividend payments, less any impairment losses previously recognized by the transferor. Otherwise cost is determined using the consideration transferred or received by the Foundation in the transaction.

Transactions, with parties whose sole relationship with the Foundation is in the capacity of management, are accounted for as arm's length transactions.

#### Subsequent measurement

The Foundation subsequently measures all its financial assets and financial liabilities at amortized cost, except for investments in debt instruments, equity instruments and forward exchange contracts that are quoted in an active market, which are measured at fair value without any adjustment for transaction costs. Changes in fair value are recognized in net income in the period in which they occur.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

#### December 31, 2024

#### 2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

Financial assets measured at amortized cost include cash, accounts receivable and short-term guaranteed investment certificates.

Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost include accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

The Foundation subsequently measures long-term equity investments at fair value, without adjustment for transaction costs and with changes in fair value recognized in operations in the period in which they occur.

#### **Transaction costs**

Transaction costs attributable to financial instruments subsequently measured at fair value and to those originated or exchanged in a related party transaction are recognized in income in the period incurred. Transaction cost for financial instruments originated or exchanged in an arm's length transaction that are subsequently measured at amortized cost are recognized in the original cost of the instrument and recognized in income over the life of the instrument using the straight-line method.

#### Impairment

At the end of each reporting period, management assesses whether there are any indications that financial assets measured at cost or amortized cost may be impaired. If there is an indication of impairment, management determines whether a significant adverse change has occurred in the expected timing or the amount of future cash flows from the asset, in which case the asset's carrying amount is reduced to the highest expected value that is recoverable by either holding the asset, selling the asset or by exercising the right to any collateral. The carrying amount of the reduction is recognized as an impairment loss in operations. Previously recognized impairment losses may be reversed to the extent of any improvement. The amount of the reversal, to a maximum of the related accumulated impairment charges recorded in respect of the particular asset, is recognized in operations.

#### 3. Cash

Included in cash are cashable guaranteed investment certificates totaling \$235,021 (2023 - \$260,606) earning interest at a rate of 2.75% (2023 - 2.45% to 2.00%), that mature December 2025.

#### 4. Short-term investments

Short-term investments consist of guaranteed investment certificates totaling \$15,493 (2023 - 377,720), earning interest at rates between 4.00% - 4.10% (2023- 3.80% - 5.80%), that mature November and December 2025.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

#### December 31, 2024

#### 5. Long-term investments

Long-term investments consists of marketable securities with RBC Direct Investing. The purchase and sale of investments are accounted for using trade-date accounting.

	2024	2023
US account US Equities - Cost \$57,365 (2023 - \$57,365)	\$ 122,764	\$ 100,831
Guaranteed investment certificate	-	8,153
	\$ 122.764	\$ 108.984

Balances included in the US account have been translated to Canadian Dollars using the rate as at the statement of financial position date.

The Endowment Fund of \$139,675 (2023 - \$123,070), includes the long-term investments as noted above, cash of \$1,418 (2023 - \$786), and short-term investments held in USD term deposits of \$15,493 (2023 - \$13,300). These funds have been externally restricted for the purpose of scholarships for students who are seeking to advance their studies in Canadian colleges and universities that recognize the Foundation's objectives. All income earned on these investments are also restricted for the purposes outlined in the endowment fund agreement.

Of the balance, \$100,000 relates to the initial contribution received from the donor. The remaining amount has been internally restricted by the Foundation.

#### 6. Accounts receivable

7.

	2024		2023
Trade receivables	\$ 213,293	\$	65,550
Government remittances	32,624		64,121
Related party	1,261,295	;	879,126
	\$ 1,507,212	2 \$	1,008,797
Pronaid expenses			
Prepaid expenses	2024		2023
Prepaid expenses			
Prepaid expenses Deposit Other prepaid expenses	2024 \$ 8,412 20,973	2 \$	2023 8,412 74,719

Notes to the Financial Statements

#### December 31, 2024

### 8. Property, plant and equipment

				2024		2023
	Cost	 umulated ortization	Ν	let book value	1	Net book value
Office equipment Leasehold improvements Computer equipment	\$ 20,794 37,165 52,308	\$ 7,486 15,820 20,923	\$	13,308 21,345 31,385	\$	16,636 29,150 41,846
	\$ 110,267	\$ 44,229	\$	66,038	\$	87,632

#### 9. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities

	2024	2023
Trade payables	\$ 47,163	\$ 64,453
Accrued liabilities	58,389	63,753
Related party	83,656	24,693
	\$ 189,208	\$ 152,899

#### 10. Deferred contributions

Deferred contributions represent contributions received in the current year that are related to the expenditures for the subsequent year. Changes in the deferred contributions are as follows:

	2024	2023
Beginning balance Less: amount recognized as revenue in the year Add: amount received related to the following year	\$ 1,144,651 (909,630) 1,001,245	\$ 1,052,359 (587,463) 679,755
Closing balance	\$ 1,236,266	\$ 1,144,651

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

#### December 31, 2024

#### 11. Endowment funds administered by the Edmonton Community Foundation

Yellowstone to Yukon Conservation Initiative Foundation has entered into a series of agreements with the Edmonton Community Foundation (ECF) by which the ECF has agreed to invest and administer two permanent endowment funds including any additional contributions received by the Foundation or the ECF. The two funds are the Yellowstone to Yukon Conservation Initiative Fund (Y2YCIF) and the EMPEO Fund for Yellowstone to Yukon Conservation Initiative (EF-Y2YCI).

During the year, contributions made by the Foundation to the Y2YCIF amounted to \$nil (2023 - \$25,000). As of December 31, 2024, the total balance in the Y2YCIF, amounted to \$207,208 (2023 - \$181,459) and the total balance in the EF-Y2YCI amounted to \$237,321 (2023 - \$215,606).

Under the terms of the agreements, the endowment funds are recorded in the accounts of the ECF along with any income earned on the funds. Accordingly, the endowment assets and income are not recognized in the financial statements of the Yellowstone to Yukon Conservation Initiative Foundation. The Foundation is provided with an annual grant from the ECF based on the prior year end's net income and market value of each fund. These grants are recognized as revenue in the statement of operations when collection is reasonably assured. During the year, the Foundation recognized grants of \$8,624 (2023 - \$7,497) from ECF in revenue.

#### 12. Lease commitments

The Foundation's commitment exclusive of occupancy costs, consist of a property lease agreement expiring June 30, 2026, is as follows:

2025	\$ 112,756
2026	56,762
	\$ 169,518

#### 13. Related party - Y2Y Montana

The Foundation is related to Yellowstone to Yukon Conservation Initiative Montana (Y2Y-Montana) through common management and two common members on their respective Boards of Directors.

	2024	2023
Revenue - Y2Y-Montana contract revenue	\$ 3,586,485	\$ 3,158,452
Expenses - Contract services from Y2Y-Montana	\$-	\$ 6,577
Accounts receivable - Y2Y-Montana	\$ 1,261,295	\$ 879,126
Accounts payable - Y2Y-Montana	\$ 83,656	\$ 24,693

These transactions are in the normal course of operations and have been valued in these financial statements at the exchange amount which is the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related party.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

#### December 31, 2024

#### 14. Financial instruments

Transacting in and holding of financial instruments exposes the Foundation to certain financial risks and uncertainties. These significant risks include:

#### (a) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in meeting its obligations associated with financial liabilities. The Foundation's exposure to liquidity risk relates to accounts payable and accrued liabilities and arises from the possibility that the timing and amount of its cash inflows will not be sufficient to enable it to meet its financial obligations as they become due. The Foundation reduces its exposure to liquidity risk by ensuring that it documents when authorized payments become due.

There has not been any changes to the Foundation's exposure to liquidity risk from the prior year.

#### (b) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: interest rate risk, currency risk and other price risk. The Foundation is exposed to market risk as follows:

#### (i) Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. At date of the Statement of Financial Position, the Foundation has foreign currency long-term investments, short-term investments and cash and thus, is exposed to the financial risk of earnings fluctuations arising from changes in foreign exchange rates and the degree of volatility of these rates. The exchange rate at the date December 31, 2024 from USD to CAD was 1.4389 (2023 - 1.3226). The Foundation does not use derivative instruments to hedge its exposure to fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates.

Increased economic uncertainty due to a range of economic factors has resulted in a change in currency risk from the prior year by increasing volatility in currency markets. The Foundation cannot predict changes in currency exchange rates or the impact of exchange rates on operating results. Balances and transactions in USD funds denominated in Canadian Dollars are as follows:

	2024	2023
Cash - USD	\$ 196.646	\$ (3,358)
Short-term investment	15,493	377,720
Long-term investments	122,764	108,984
Accounts receivable	1,261,295	879,126
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(86,394)	(28,730)

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

#### December 31, 2024

#### 14. Financial instruments (continued)

	2024	2023
Revenue	\$ 3,586,485	\$ 3,158,452
Expenses	592,761	627,651

Revenue in USD funds represents 60.16% (2023 - 56.54%) of total revenue and expenses in USD funds represents 9.33% (2023 - 10.75%) of total expenses.

#### (ii) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Aside from related party balances, the Foundation's interest-bearing financial instruments include fixed rate guaranteed investment certificates and variable rate guaranteed investment certificates. The fair values of fixed rate financial instruments fluctuate as market rates of interest change. The cash flows resulting from variable rate financial instruments fluctuate as interest rates applicable to the instruments change. The Foundation does not employ derivative financial instruments to hedge its exposure to interest rate risk, but management does not anticipate significant effects on future cash flows.

Increased economic uncertainty and changing inflation rates due to a range of economic factors has resulted in a change in interest rate risk from the prior year. Uncertain economic conditions including events may result in a change in interest rates both nationally and internationally. The Foundation cannot predict changes in interest rates.

#### (iii) Price risk

Other price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices, other than those arising from interest rate risk or foreign currency risk, whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments or issuers. The Foundation's long-term investments expose the entity to price risks as these instruments are subject to price changes in an open market for a variety of reasons including investor sentiment and expectations, changes in market rates of interest, general economic indicators and restrictions of credit markets.

There has not been any changes to the Foundation's exposure to price risk from the prior year.

#### 15. Allocated expenses

Administration costs were allocated to funds based on the proportion of time spent administrating the programs.

Schedule 1 - Statement of Operations by Fund

Schedule 1 - Statement of Operations by Fund	Unrestricted Fund											
For the year ended December 31,	2024		2024 Fundraising		2024 Endowment		2024 Capital Asset		2024			2023
	Program		and									
		Services	Ad	Iministrative		Fund		Fund		Total		Total
Revenues												
Y2Y-Montana contract revenue (note 13)	\$	2,845,218	\$	741,267	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,586,485	\$	3,158,452
Government grants		860,677		-		-		-		860,677		1,145,823
Grants		678,917		123,915		-		-		802,832		813,610
Individual donations		3,000		501,456		-		-		504,456		414,326
Restricted donations		442,996		6,121		-		-		449,117		38,900
Corporate donations		-		20,697		-		-		20,697		19,084
Miscellaneous income		21,237		(12,750)		-		-		8,487		18,376
		4,852,045		1,380,706		-		-		6,232,751		5,608,571
Expenditures												
Amortization		-		-		-		21,594		21,594		22,635
Conference expense		17,653		2,504		-		-		20,157		29,834
Contract service		1,565,127		87,381		-		-		1,652,508		2,225,830
Contributions to Edmonton Community Foundation		-		-		-		-		-		25,000
Insurance		9,344		7.465		-		-		16,809		19,692
Interest and bank charges		1,594		7,161		-		-		8,755		8,857
Land		650,976		,						650,976		-
Office		165,536		48,645		-		-		214,181		218,888
Partner grants		455,385		-		-		-		455,385		199,799
Professional fees		18,266		10,345		-		-		28,611		28,583
Rent		17,928		79,209		-		-		97,137		107,350
Salaries and related benefits		2,203,434		787,871		-		-		2,991,305		2,736,797
Scholarships				-		_		-		_,000.,000		5,000
Travel		108,632		84,889		-		-		193,521		212,572
		5,213,875		1,115,470		-		21,594		6,350,939		5,840,837
Surplus (deficiency) of revenues over		-, -,		, , , .				,		-,,		-,,
expenditures before other income		(361,830)		265,236		-		(21,594)		(118,188)		(232,266)
Other income (expense)												
Interest		538		28,368		-		-		28,906		48,117
Gain on foreign exchange		-		225,748		-		-		225,748		2,739
Dividend income		-		-		897		-		897		1,020
Unrealized gain (loss) in market value of investments		-		6,709		15,708		-		22,417		21,328
		538		260,825		16,605		-		277,968		73,204
Surplus (deficiency) of revenues over	÷	(264.000)	¢	E00.004	¢	46.005	¢	(04 504)	÷	450 700	¢	(450.000
expenditures	\$	(361,292)	\$	526,061	\$	16,605	\$	(21,594)	\$	159,780	\$	(159,062)